



Ngāti Ruanui claims settlement right of first refusal

Learn about the key aspects of the Ngāti Ruanui claims settlement right of first refusal (RFR). Note: this is a guide only and agencies must comply with the requirements of the Deed of Settlement, legislation and any relevant LINZ standards.

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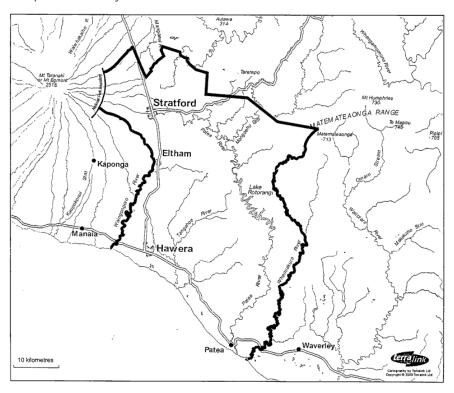
The following has been developed in collaboration with Te Arawhiti.

Te Arawhiti website: https://www.tearawhiti.govt.nz/

The Ngāti Ruanui area of interest

Ngāti Ruanui (including Pakakohi and Tangahoe) is an iwi of Taranaki. Ngāti Ruanui take its name from the tupuna Ruanui o Pookiwa and Ruanui o Taaneroroa, the latter being the grandson of Turi Ariki, leader of the Aotea waka. Ngāti Ruanui are located in the southern Taranaki Region.

The map below provides an indication of the area of interest for Ngāti Ruanui, but is **not** a depiction of any RFR area.



Map showing the area of interest referred to in the Deed of Settlement between Ngāti Ruanui and the Crown.





Settlement Summary

Ngāti Ruanui received redress through its Treaty settlement with the Crown.

lwi	Ngāti Ruanui
Deed of Settlement signed	12 May 2001. The Deed was amended during the settlement process. Ngāti Ruanui Deed of Settlement: https://www.tearawhiti.govt.nz/te-kahui-whakatau-treaty-settlements/find-a-treaty-settlement/ngati-ruanui/
Settlement date	4 June 2003
Legislation	Ngāti Ruanui Claims Settlement Act 2003: ("the Act") https://www.legislation.govt.nz/act/public/2003/0020/latest/w hole.html
RFR provisions	The RFR provisions are set out in Part 3 of the Deed of Settlement: Commercial Redress Schedule ("the RFR Deed"). There are no RFR provisions in the settlement legislation.
	Deed of Settlement: Commercial Redress Schedule: https://www.govt.nz/assets/Documents/OTS/Ngati-Ruanui-Deed-of-Settlement-Schedule-1-Commercial-redress-12-May-2001.pdf
Offer made to	The RFR offer is in favour of the trustees of Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Ruanui Trust ("the governance entity").
RFR period	50 years after the effective (settlement) date (expires in 2053)
RFR memorials	No

Definition of RFR land

Clause 14.1 of the RFR Deed defines RFR property included in the settlement. It includes every parcel of land within the RFR area (shown on SO Plan 14786 in Schedule 4 of the Deed of Settlement) that, on the effective date, was vested in or held in fee simple by the Crown, or was a Crown-derived reserve vested in an administering body that would revert to the Crown.

RFR property also includes land obtained in exchange for a disposal of RFR property under clause 6.1.12(a), (b) or (e).

RFR property does not include the parcels of land specified in Schedule 4 of the RFR Deed.

Any land or roads vested in the Crown by section 44 of the Transit New Zealand Act 1989 (now the Government Roading Powers Act 1989) or any "railway assets" of the Crown within the meaning of paragraph (c) of the meaning of "railways assets" in section 2 of the New Zealand Railways Corporation Restructuring Act 1990 are not included in the settlement as RFR property.

Disposals

The RFR obligation arises for any disposal that:

- transfers the fee simple estate in the land, or
- grants a lease of the land for a term that is, or will be (if any rights of renewal or extension are exercised under the lease), 50 years or longer.

Preliminary notice

There is no requirement to give preliminary notice of a disposal in this settlement.

Offering the land

Before disposing of an RFR property, the Crown must give notice to the governance entity. This RFR notice offers to dispose of the property to the governance entity at the price and on the terms and conditions set out in the notice.

The Crown may withdraw an RFR notice at any time before the governance entity accept an offer. If the Crown withdraws an RFR notice, the RFR deed will still apply to the property. The Crown will be required to give another RFR notice before it disposes of the RFR property.

Expiry date of offer

The RFR offer expires one calendar month after it is received by the governance entity.





Subsequent disposal process

Clause 3 of the RFR deed sets out that if the governance entity does not accept an offer, or the offer period expires, the Crown can dispose of the property provided that:

- the subsequent disposal is not on more favourable terms than those offered to the governance entity
- the land is being disposed of within 2 years after expiry of the RFR offer

The Crown must, promptly after entering into an agreement to dispose of the RFR property to a purchaser or lessee, give notice to the governance entity of that fact and disclose the terms of that agreement. The Crown must not dispose of the RFR property after the end of that 2-year period without first giving notice under clause 1.1 of the RFR deed.

Clause 4 of the RFR deed provides that should the Crown propose to dispose of the RFR property on more favourable terms it may do so only if it first gives another RFR notice to the governance entity.

Exempted disposals

Certain disposals can occur without making an RFR offer to the governance entity. These exempted disposals are set out in clauses 5 and 6 of the RFR deed. The Crown must notify the governance entity of a disposal exempted from an RFR offer under clauses 5 or 6 in accordance with the RFR deed.

The RFR deed includes specific exemptions in relation to disposal of land that was held for a public work. This land may be disposed of to a local authority under section 50 of the Public Works Act 1981 or any other person where the land will be held or used for the purpose which, immediately before the disposal, constituted the public work.

Where RFR properties are to be disposed of to certain new owners, a deed of covenant may be required to bind new owners to the RFR. The new owner takes on the obligations under the RFR deed. Clause 6 and Schedules 1 and 2 of the RFR deed set out when this is required.

Delivery of notices

Clause 11 of the RFR deed provides for offer notices to be delivered by hand, registered mail or facsimile. There is no provision in the RFR deed for electronic service of an offer.

Contact details

For more information about the Ngāti Ruanui claims settlement contact:

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Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Ruanui Trust website: https://www.ruanui.co.nz/

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Toitū Te Whenua Land Information New Zealand website: https://www.linz.govt.nz/

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